

### AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

1. (Currently Amended) For a digital television packet stream having a plurality of different types of tables, a method to determine issuance intervals for a plurality of event information tables (EITs) to be transmitted in sequence, wherein the EITs are assigned to cover different ranges of broadcasting time, and an issuance interval for an EIT is a period at which the corresponding EIT is issued, the method comprising:

setting the issuance intervals for the EITs, respectively, to be non-uniform based on the range of broadcasting time which each of the EITs is assigned to cover,

wherein among the EITs, the issuance interval for an EIT covering a range of broadcasting time nearer a current time is set to be less than the issuance interval for an EIT covering a range of broadcasting time further in the future; and

setting a uniform issuance interval for a plurality of extended text tables (ETTs) to be transmitted in sequence, wherein the ETTs contain program description information associated with the EITs, respectively.

2. (Canceled)

3. (Canceled)

4. (Currently Amended) For a digital television packet stream having a plurality of different types of tables, a method to determine issuance intervals for a plurality of event information tables (EITs), the method comprising:

setting the issuance intervals for the EITs, respectively, to be non-uniform, wherein an issuance interval between any two adjacent instances of an  $i^{\text{th}}$  EIT is determined according to the following equation:

$$\text{interval}(i^{\text{th}} \text{ EIT}) = \text{root\_time} + (\text{increment\_time}) * i,$$

wherein  $\text{interval}(i^{\text{th}} \text{ EIT})$  is the interval between any two adjacent instances of the  $i^{\text{th}}$  EIT,  $\text{root\_time}$  is a predetermined interval for the EIT corresponding most closely in time to the present,  $\text{increment\_time}$  is a non-zero scalar and  $i$  is a non-zero integer; and

setting a uniform issuance interval for a plurality of extended text tables (ETTs) to be transmitted in sequence, wherein the ETTs contain program description information associated with the EITs, respectively.

5. (Canceled)

6. (Currently Amended) A program and system information protocol (PSIP) generator to generate tables for a digital television system packet stream, the generator comprising:

an interface to supply issuance-interval setting information required for setting issuance intervals respectively for a plurality of event information tables (EITs) to be transmitted in sequence, wherein an issuance interval for an EIT is a period at which the corresponding EIT is issued, and the issuance-interval setting information is an assignment of each of the EITs to cover one of different ranges of broadcasting time; and

~~a non-uniform~~ an interval determination unit to determine non-uniform issuance intervals respectively for the EITs, based upon the issuance-interval setting information, and to determine a uniform issuance interval for a plurality of extended text tables (ETTs) to be transmitted in sequence, the ETTs containing program description information associated with the EITs, respectively,

wherein among the EITs, the issuance interval for an EIT covering a range of broadcasting time nearer a current time is set to be less than the issuance interval for an EIT covering a range of broadcasting time further in the future.

7. (Canceled)

8. (Canceled)

9. (Currently Amended) A program and system information protocol (PSIP) generator to generate tables for a digital television system packet stream, the generator comprising:

an interface to supply issuance-setting information required for setting issuance intervals for a plurality of event information tables (EITs) to be transmitted in sequence; and

~~a non-uniform~~ an interval determination unit to determine non-uniform issuance intervals respectively for the EITs based upon the issuance-setting information, and to determine a uniform issuance interval for a plurality of extended text tables (ETTs) to be transmitted in sequence, the ETTs containing program description information associated with the EITs, respectively,

wherein among the EITs, an issuance interval between any two adjacent instances of an  $i^{\text{th}}$  EIT is determined according to the following equation:

$$\text{interval}(i^{\text{th}} \text{ EIT}) = \text{root\_time} + (\text{increment\_time}) * i,$$

wherein  $\text{interval}(i^{\text{th}} \text{ EIT})$  is the interval between any two adjacent instances of the  $i^{\text{th}}$  EIT table,  $\text{root\_time}$  is a predetermined interval for the EIT corresponding most closely in time to the present,  $\text{increment\_time}$  is a non-zero scalar and  $i$  is a non-zero integer.

10. (Canceled)

11. (Original) The PSIP generator of claim 6, wherein said PSIP generator is embodied in the form of a processor running software.

12. (Previously presented) The PSIP generator of claim 11, wherein said software is written in the computer language Java.

13. (Previously Presented) A processor-readable article of manufacture having embodied thereon software comprising a plurality of code segments to perform the method of claim 1.

14. (Original) A processor-readable article of manufacture having embodied thereon software comprising a plurality of code segments to cause a processor to perform the functional aspects of the program and system information protocol (PSIP) generator of claim 6.

15. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the EITs include EIT-0, EIT-1, and EIT-2.

16. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 15, wherein in the setting step, the issuance intervals are set respectively for EIT-0, EIT-1, and EIT-2 to increase as the EIT table number increases.

17. (Previously Presented) The PSIP generator of claim 6, wherein the EITs include EIT-0, EIT-1, and EIT-2.

18. (Previously Presented) The PSIP generator of claim 17, wherein the non-uniform interval determination unit determines to increase the issuance intervals respectively for EIT-0, EIT-1, and EIT-2 as the EIT table number increases.

19. (Currently Amended) A method of determining transmission cycles of a group of event information tables (EITs) including at least EIT-0, EIT-1, and EIT-2, the method comprising:

setting the transmission cycles of the group of EITs to be non-uniform with respect to each other, based on closeness in coverage time to which each EIT in the group of EITs is assigned, to a current broadcasting time,

wherein among the group of EITs, the transmission cycle of an EIT assigned to a coverage time nearer the current time is set to be less than the transmission cycle of an EIT assigned to a coverage time further in the future from the current broadcasting time; and

setting a uniform transmission cycle of a group of extended text tables (ETTs) including at least ETT-0, ETT-1 and ETT-2, wherein the ETTs contain program description information associated with the EITs, respectively.

20. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 19, wherein in the setting step, the transmission cycles are set respectively for EIT-0, EIT-1, and EIT-2 in the group of EITs to increase as the EIT table number increases.

21. (Currently Amended) A method of determining transmission cycles of a group of different event information tables (EITs) including at least EIT-0, EIT-1, and EIT-2, the method comprising:

systematically incrementing the transmission cycles of the group of EITs to be non-uniform with respect to each other, based on closeness in coverage time to which each EIT in the group of EITs pertains, to a currently broadcasting time,

wherein among the group of EITs, the transmission cycle of an EIT pertaining to a coverage time nearer the current broadcasting time is set to be less than the transmission cycle of an EIT pertaining to a coverage time further in the future from the currently broadcasting time; and

setting a uniform transmission cycle for a group of different extended text tables (ETTs) including at least ETT-0, ETT-1 and ETT-2, wherein the ETTs contain program description information associated with the EITs, respectively.

22. (Currently Amended) A method of determining issuance intervals for tables to be included in a digital television packet stream, the method comprising:

setting issuance intervals for a plurality of event information tables ( $EIT_0$ ,  $EIT_1$ , and  $EIT_2$ ) and a plurality of extended text tables ( $ETT_0$ ,  $ETT_1$ , and  $ETT_2$ ) to be transmitted in sequence according to the following conditions:

issuance interval ( $EIT_{i-1}$ ) < issuance interval ( $EIT_i$ ) for  $i=1$  and  $2$ , and

issuance interval ( $ETT_{i-1}$ ) = issuance interval ( $ETT_i$ ) for  $i=1$  and  $2$ ,

wherein an issuance interval for an EIT is a period at which the corresponding EIT is issued within a packet stream, and a range of broadcasting time covered by  $EIT_{i-1}$  is prior to a range of broadcasting time covered by  $EIT_i$ , and

wherein the ETTs contain program description information associated with the EITs.

23. (Currently Amended) A program and system information protocol (PSIP) generator to generate tables for a digital television system packet stream, the generator comprising:

an issuance interval determination unit to set issuance intervals for a plurality of event information tables ( $EIT_0$ ,  $EIT_1$ , and  $EIT_2$ ) and a plurality of extended text tables ( $ETT_0$ ,  $ETT_1$ , and  $ETT_2$ ) to be transmitted in sequence according to the following conditions:

issuance interval ( $EIT_{i-1}$ ) < issuance interval ( $EIT_i$ ) for  $i=1$  and  $2$ , and

issuance interval ( $ETT_{i-1}$ ) = issuance interval ( $ETT_i$ ) for  $i=1$  and  $2$ ,

wherein an issuance interval for an EIT is a period at which the corresponding EIT is issued within a packet stream, and a range of broadcasting time covered by  $EIT_{i-1}$  is prior to a range of broadcasting time covered by  $EIT_i$ , and

wherein the ETTs contain program description information associated with the EITs.

24. (Currently Amended) A method of determining transmission cycles for tables to be transmitted as part of a digital television packet stream, the method comprising:

setting transmission cycles for a plurality of event information tables ( $EIT_0$ ,  $EIT_1$ , and  $EIT_2$ ) and a plurality of extended text tables ( $ETT_0$ ,  $ETT_1$ , and  $ETT_2$ ) to be transmitted in sequence according to the following conditions:

transmission cycle ( $EIT_{i-1}$ ) < transmission cycle ( $EIT_i$ ) for  $i=1$  and  $2$ , and

issuance interval ( $ETT_{i-1}$ ) = issuance interval ( $ETT_i$ ) for  $i=1$  and  $2$ ,

wherein a transmission cycle for an EIT is a period at which the corresponding EIT is transmitted, and a range of broadcasting time covered by  $EIT_{i-1}$  is prior to a range of broadcasting time covered by  $EIT_i$ , and

wherein the ETTs contain program description information associated with the EITs.

25. (Currently Amended) A program and system information protocol (PSIP) generator to generate tables to be transmitted as part of a digital television packet stream, the method comprising:

a transmission cycle determination unit to set transmission cycles for a plurality of event information tables ( $EIT_0$ ,  $EIT_1$ , and  $EIT_2$ ) and a plurality of extended text tables ( $ETT_0$ ,  $ETT_1$ , and  $ETT_2$ ) to be transmitted in sequence according to the following conditions:

transmission cycle ( $EIT_{i-1}$ ) < transmission cycle ( $EIT_i$ ) for  $i=1$  and  $2$ , and

issuance interval ( $ETT_{i-1}$ ) = issuance interval ( $ETT_i$ ) for  $i=1$  and  $2$ ,

wherein a transmission cycle for an EIT is a period at which the corresponding EIT is transmitted, and a range of broadcasting time covered by  $EIT_{i-1}$  is prior to a range of broadcasting time covered by  $EIT_i$ , and

wherein the ETTs contain program description information associated with the EITs.

26. (Currently Amended) A digital television (DTV) signal embodied on at least one computer-readable medium for use in a digital broadcast receiver, the DTV signal comprising:

a DTV packet stream including a plurality of event information tables (EITs) to be transmitted in sequence, the EITs being assigned to cover different ranges of broadcasting time,

wherein the EITs are issued periodically within the packet stream at non-uniform periods, respectively, such that an issuance period for an EIT covering a range of broadcast time nearer a current

time is set to be less than an issuance period for an EIT covering a range of broadcasting time further in the future, and

wherein the DTV packet stream further includes a plurality of extended text tables (ETTs) to be transmitted in sequence, the ETTs containing program description information associated with the EITs and being issued periodically within the packet stream at a uniform period.

27. (Currently Amended) A digital television (DTV) signal embodied on at least one computer-readable medium for use in a digital broadcast receiver, the DTV signal comprising:

a DTV packet stream including a plurality of event information tables ( $EIT_0$ ,  $EIT_1$ , and  $EIT_2$ ) and a plurality of extended text tables ( $ETT_0$ ,  $ETT_1$ , and  $ETT_2$ ) to be transmitted in sequence, which are periodically repeated within the packet stream ~~at non-uniform transmission cycles, respectively,~~ according to the following conditions:

transmission cycle ( $EIT_{i-1}$ ) < transmission cycle ( $EIT_i$ ) for  $i=1$  and 2, and

transmission cycle ( $ETT_{i-1}$ ) = transmission cycle ( $ETT_i$ ) for  $i=1$  and 2,

wherein a transmission cycle for an EIT is a frequency at which the corresponding EIT is transmitted, and a range of broadcasting time covered by  $EIT_{i-1}$  is prior to a range of broadcasting time covered by  $EIT_i$ , and

wherein the ETTs contain program description information associated with the EITs.